



WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 11, 1895

THE WASHINGTON correspondent of a Baltimore newspaper has now added his efforts to those of Governor O'Ferrall and certain Richmond and Washington newspapers, to deter people in the national capital desirous of buying cheap homes from coming to Alexandria and Alexandria county to purchase them, by defaming both, asserting that the former in a "deadly dull city," not likely to arouse from the lethargy in which it has lain for decades, and that the latter is a "hotbed of vice and the home of gamblers, and notoriously poor." Alexandria is so "deadly dull" that her merchants have within the last year or two regained nearly all of the wholesale grocery trade Baltimore got from her during and after the war between the States, and, in proportion to its size, Alexandria county is one of, if not the, richest counties in the State, contains fewer gamblers than can be found in one square of either Baltimore, Washington or Richmond, and is notoriously and entirely exempt from "hotbeds of vice." As previously observed, the object of some Washington people in decrying Alexandria county is plain—to decrease the demand for real estate there, and thereby to increase that for lots in their own city, but why people in Richmond should be engaged in the same effort is passing strange—to the unsophisticated.

THE GOVERNOR is evidently intent upon creating a public feeling against one of the race tracks in Alexandria county. A dispatch from Richmond in a Washington newspaper states that the Governor says he has received a letter to the effect that a Northern drummer had recently lost \$3,500 of his employers' money on the "Island track." Drummers don't usually have that much of their employers' cash in their pockets, but if the alleged one did, and lost it, by plunging at the "Island track," it only shows that he is a fool and a rascal to boot. The proprietors of the race track certainly neither asked him to visit their track nor to bet on certain horses, and if he bet, he did so with the bookkeepers at the track, and if he lost, he only did what has been and is done daily at all other race tracks in the country, and the Island track is no more to blame for it than Richmond would have been if he had lost his stolen money in one of the many faro banks in that city.

NO MATTER how true Ambassador Bayard's speeches in England may have been, it was certainly indiscreet for him to have made them there, but indiscretion is the worst that can truly be said of their author, and the resolution to impeach him therefore, introduced in Congress yesterday by a republican from Boston, was unworthy of any member of that body, and was a transparent attempt to obtain cheap notoriety. But the fact that he was supported by every member of his party is not at all surprising.

REPORTS FROM Richmond are to the effect that efforts have already become manifest in the legislature to repeal the charter of one of the race courses in Alexandria county, but to leave that of the other unimpaired. Judging from the Governor's recent message, such a proceeding would be in accordance with his wishes, but the members of the Virginia legislature could ill-afford legislation so transparently and grossly partial and unjust, for it would necessarily subject them to injurious suspicion.

THE ONLY thing that saved the democrats in Boston yesterday, and that enabled them to elect their municipal ticket, was a speech by an A. P. A. preacher, which, and only naturally, consolidated the Catholic and foreign vote, which otherwise would have been divided, in their favor. It was particularly foolish speech, for the foreign, now outlanders the native born population of Boston.

THE SOUTH is conservative and has no objection to any well-behaved people, no matter where they were born or what their religion may be. It is not at all strange, therefore, that the A. P. A.'s, who ran municipal tickets in Charleston and Atlanta yesterday, were defeated in both those cities.

RICHMOND always gives Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll such a hearty welcome that he will deliver another one of his atheistical lectures there next Monday night.

REV. ARTHUR S. JOHNS ROBBED.—Rev. Arthur S. Johns, of Rockville, Md., returned Monday night from Washington, where he attended the convention of the new diocese of Washington. Saturday morning Mr. Johns, who acted as secretary of the convention, and who was the guest of Rev. Dr. Mackay-Smith, had his room entered and his watch, pocket book and contents stolen. It is supposed that the burglar was after the large collection taken at St. Andrew's Church Friday night, and which was temporarily in the hands of Mr. Johns.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—President Cleveland's early return to Washington is looked for. It is authentically stated that dispatches have been sent to him by members of his Cabinet urging that a special Cabinet meeting be called for Monday next to consider amongst other important matters Lord Salisbury's reply in the Venezuelan matter and Secretary Carlisle's report. The Secretary of the Treasury is unwilling to submit that important document to Congress until it has been carefully read and approved by the President and his Cabinet. Hence the request for a special meeting on Monday and the telegraphed suggestions which will probably bring the President back to Washington by that time.

Mr. Hainer has introduced a bill in the House to provide for those soldiers and sailors who were confined in Confederate prisons by granting them a pension of two dollars for each day confined in such prisons, and in addition a pension of \$12 per month for the remainder of their lives. The monthly pensions are to date from the passage of the act.

The populists of the Senate held a conference this morning, all the members being present, including Senator Jones, of Nevada, but no definite conclusion as to the policy of the third party was reached. It has been practically agreed that Senator Allen, of Nebraska, shall be their candidate for president pro tempore, but so far as candidates for the other elective offices are concerned no programme has been arranged. The conference of this morning had more to do with committee assignments than anything else, the populists being determined to get as good assignments to committees as possible and secure at least the same chairman.

The nomination of Stephen Bonsal, of Maryland, transferred during the recess of Congress from the position of Secretary of Legation at Madrid to that of second Secretary of Legation at Tokyo, was endorsed by Senator Gorman, among others. This nomination with others was taken up by the committee on foreign relations this morning when the statement was made that the services of Mr. Bonsal at Madrid had become impaired owing to certain acts of his and that this government had found it necessary to make the transfer to Japan. No particulars were given and committee seemed to be ignorant of the nature of the report. It was decided that no action should be taken until the committee was acquainted with all the facts of the case.

Mr. Walker of Massachusetts has introduced a resolution in Congress providing for the appointment of a suitable person to examine the books of the Treasury Department and find out what just claims due by the government, and the payment of which has been authorized, have been held up.

Congressman Berry of Kentucky says it is by no means certain that one of the two populist members of the legislature of his State will vote with the republicans, nor does he think the republican majority in the lower branch of the legislature will turn out the two democratic contestants in that body in order to obtain a majority on joint ballot.

Congressman Walker of Virginia has received and will introduce by request a bill prepared by Mr. Stuart F. Lindsay of Bristol, appropriating a million dollars for public roads in Virginia, in part payment for the Northwest Territory.

Senator Martin of Virginia having heard that a few of the newspapers of his State have attributed his recent visit to Richmond to a desire to influence the appointment of the committees of the legislature or the election of the officers elected by that body, reiterates what was said in this correspondence yesterday in reference to that matter, and states that if a single member of the legislature says he spoke a word to him on the subject he will resign his seat in the Senate and go home. He can't conceive how any such utterly erroneous report could have originated.

The storm now raging about Cape Hatteras gives no uneasiness to the personal friends of President Cleveland, who is reported to be in the Cape Channel. It was learned to-day that Mr. Cleveland was warned by telegraph of the coming of bad weather by the Weather Bureau. Cape Channel is the best refuge in the vicinity of Hatteras and the Violett is in no danger there. She is sheltered by an island on one side and by the cape on the other. Nothing of the President's movements has been learned here to-day. There was a high wind on the coast last night, in consequence of which the water in the canal is too low for the Violett to pass through. Yesterday was an excellent day for ducking.

Colonel William Mayo, of Westmoreland county, Virginia, a brother of the ex-Congressman from his State, is here to-day. People from his county say that he will be a candidate for the republican Congressional nomination in his district.

The resolution of Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts, proposing to impeach Ambassador Bayard, was the chief subject of gossip among members who came to the House to-day. The outcome of the matter was generally discussed, and while opinions as to the final outcome differ, a majority seems to be of the opinion that the committee on foreign affairs, when appointed, will bring in a resolution severely censuring the Ambassador to the court of St. James. But few think impeachment likely but some contend that the resolution, when it again comes before the House, will call for the recall of Mr. Bayard. All agree that the matter will not be "pigeon-holed" in the committee, and some lively debate is looked for when it comes to the House for final action. Many members who did not get a chance to speak on it yesterday are looking into the matter and preparing to discuss it.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Call introduced a bill providing for the payment of pensions to employees of the railway mail service, after 20 years service.

As stated in yesterday's GAZETTE, the republican national convention will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on the 16th day of next June. This was decided late yesterday evening by the national committee in Washington. On the last ballot San Francisco received 15 votes, Chicago, 7, and St. Louis, 29; three more than a majority. After concluding the ballot, the committee took up the question of territorial delegates, and recommended that New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Oklahoma each select four delegates in addition to the two heretofore chosen. A hearing was accorded to Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, who spoke of woman's influence in behalf of the party.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A combination is said to have been formed in the interest of Senator Quay for president.

Senator Gorman denies the report that he does not propose to be a candidate for reelection.

Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Niccoli, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church of St. Louis, has declined the presidency of the Lane Seminary, Cincinnati, O., which was recently offered him.

A dispatch from Vienna says that Said Pacha has expressed to the Austrian Ambassador his regret for the misunderstanding which led him to take refuge in the British Embassy.

John McBride, president of the American Federation of Labor, was yesterday exonerated by the convention in New York of the charge that during a strike in Pennsylvania he accepted a bribe.

A correspondent in Caracas, Venezuela, sends word that President Crespo has not received the indemnity demand for the Yuruan incident, sent by Great Britain, nor an ultimatum in the territorial dispute.

The American University at Washington is to have a college of scientific temperance, through an arrangement with the Temperance Educational Association, which is to transfer to the university \$250,000.

Edwa d King, of New York, acting for the reorganization, bid in the public system of the Atchafalaya, Topoka and Santa Fe Railroad, sold at public auction at Topeka, Kan., yesterday, the price paid being \$60,000,000.

A bill was introduced in the Senate on Monday by Mr. Quay to establish postal savings-banks. It provides for deposits of from ten cents to ten dollars at all money order postoffices, and for interest on deposit which do not exceed \$500.

The steamer Amrum, bound from Progresso to New York, ran into a school of whales and killed one. The sailors thought they had run aground, but were reassured when the vessel proceeded, while the big whales fled to leeward.

The committee to inform Rev. Dr. Satterlee of his election as Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Washington left that city for New York this morning. Dr. Satterlee says he will wait a month before deciding whether to accept the office.

In the municipal election in Charleston, S. C., yesterday the democrats won. There were two tickets in the field, one the ticket of the regular democracy and the other a ticket nomination by the A. P. A. and supported by the independents.

It was rumored about the House yesterday that Speaker Reed has practically decided to leave Mr. Catcliffs off the committee on rules, in accordance with the wishes of the democratic free-silver men, and that the democratic members of the committee will be Representatives Crisp and McMillan.

The Sultan of Turkey finally yielded to the demands of the powers, and yesterday evening issued orders that the extra guardships be permitted to pass through the Straits of the Dardanelles. Rumors continue to be circulated in Constantinople and other European capitals that a conspiracy has been going on for some time, having for its object the deposing of the Sultan.

As stated in the GAZETTE of that date, in the House there was a prolonged debate yesterday on a resolution offered by Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts, for an investigation into recent speeches made by Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador to Great Britain. Finally the Barrett resolution was adopted after striking out the words directing the foreign affairs committee to report "by impeachment or otherwise."

The projected Washington and Chesapeake Beach Railway, with its franchises, was sold publicly at Upper Marlboro, Md., yesterday, for \$31,000 to J. Kennedy Tod & Co., of New York city, who made the only bid. It is understood that the purchasers are creditors to the amount of \$45,000. The road is twenty-seven miles in length, and extends from Washington, D. C., through Prince George's and Calvert counties to Chesapeake Beach.

In the election in Boston yesterday the democrats defeated the republicans by 4876 plurality and all branches of the city government are democratic, the republicans losing control of the board of aldermen and school committee. Joshua Quincy, was elected Mayor. The city declared in favor of license by over 15,000 majority. The A. P. A. element carried the day in Lynn and Chelsea under cover of the public nomination in Salem the society had no candidate, but the man whom it favored was defeated.

THE DAVIS MONUMENT.—At a meeting in Richmond on Monday night of the directors of the Jefferson Davis Monument Association and several gentlemen called into consultation the question of raising money was discussed. It was decided as a means of raising subscriptions that a design of the proposed monument should be made and printed. The sentiment of the conference was against having an equestrian statue and against asking for competitive designs, the general opinion being that it would be better to select an artist and let him work out his design in consultation with the board. A committee of leading business men was appointed to carry out plans for raising a large subscription from the people of Richmond.

A REPENTANT GIRL.—A young woman, who has been known in Washington as Nellie Johnson, but whose real name is Maggie Gibson, last night ran, half clad, from a disreputable house on D Street, where she had been living, to the Twelfth street police station. She was bareheaded and crying. She told the officers that she was nineteen years old, and that her parents lived on a farm near Charlottesville, Va. She ran away three months ago, she said, and came to Washington, expecting to find it all gilt and tinsel in the life she had chosen. Instead, she had been beaten and cursed and robbed and mistreated until she could stand it no longer. The girl will be sent to her parents. She is a blonde, rather small of figure, and plain of manner and face.

Court of Appeals at Richmond. Allen vs. Crank. Fully argued and submitted.

Norfolk and Carolina Railroad Company vs. Suffolk Lumber Co. Argued and submitted.

A marriage license was issued in Washington yesterday to John C. Barbee and Lulu Ruffner of Prince William county.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

There was a heavy snow storm yesterday around the Norfolk section.

F. W. Smith has been elected president of the Rappahannock Valley Fair Society.

Rev. Samuel C. Clifton, of Washington, Va., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Fuller Memorial Baptist Church, of Baltimore.

The Virginia Silk Company have sold to Mr. Walter C. Stearns the silk mill in Fredericksburg. Mr. Stearns has been running the mill for some time under a lease.

R. Monk Pleasant, a young man widely known in Richmond and in Petersburg, where his father, Dr. J. M. Pleasant, resides, died in his room at a boarding house in Richmond, yesterday, of opium poison.

Gov. O'Ferrall last night received a telegram announcing the death of his half brother, Gen. John W. O'Ferrall, at Enterprise, Miss., aged seventy. He was born in the lower Valley of Virginia, and moved to Mississippi when a young man.

The beautiful stone lodge which is being erected on the grounds of the Mary Washington Monument Association, in Fredericksburg, is nearly completed, and will soon be ready for occupancy, by the custodian of the monument.

In view of the fact that the resignation of Judge Peck, of the Elizabeth County Court, is expected, on account of his serious illness, the many friends of Major Baker P. Lee are very anxious to present the latter's claims for the position to the Legislature, should a vacancy occur.

Mr. T. J. Todd, of Richmond, says that he is willing to pay \$1,800 of the amount of the judgment obtained by Miss Gibson against Thomas J. Todd and wife for \$3,200, and protect Rev. Mr. Hatcher in every other way in this matter. Mr. Todd declares that Dr. Hatcher's home shall not be sacrificed to meet this judgment.

Mr. Fletcher Bryant, a citizen of Amherst, was killed by train No. 10 on the Southern Railway yesterday at the crossing just above that station. He was driving a wagon, and a little boy escaped unhurt, as did the mules. The wagon was broken to pieces and Mr. Bryant's body was fearfully mangled. He leaves a wife and six children.

The Southern States Freight Association met in Richmond yesterday morning and remained in session for some time. These roads are represented: George P. Bates, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific; F. L. Culp, Southern Railway; T. S. Davant, Norfolk and Western; T. M. Emmerson, Atlantic Coast Line; H. W. B. Glover, Georgia Railway; W. E. Kyle, Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley; F. P. Papy, Plant System; W. H. Pleasant, Florida Central; S. Vonderberg, Louisville and Nashville.

JUDGE WILLOUGHBY'S SUIT.—A jury in Justice Bradley's court, in Washington, yesterday, returned a verdict of \$5,000 for Westel Willoughby against Brooke Mackall, jr., for breach of contract. The agreement was made April 10, 1893, and set forth that Willoughby was to engage in the conduct of a suit of Brooke Mackall, jr., versus A. Richards and others, and was to receive 50 per cent. of the damages, costs, &c., obtained by Mackall, in case he won the suit, otherwise, \$5,000 was to be paid Willoughby for his services. If the case was appealed the attorney was to have additional compensation.

Willoughby fulfilled his part of the contract, the evidence showed, but Mackall did not, seemingly because he lost the suit, and that in the United States Supreme Court. After hearing the evidence yesterday Justice Bradley took the case in hand and instructed the jury to bring a verdict for the complainant. A. A. Birney was the attorney for Mr. Willoughby.

A DOUBLE MURDER.—Near Bear Wallow, W. Va., an atrocious crime was committed Monday night. John and Mary Feagan, husband and wife, aged sixty-one and sixty-four years, respectively, lived alone on their farm. Feagan had sold his hogs and it was known he had in his house some \$200 or 300. Yesterday morning early one of his neighbors went to the house and a terrible sight presented itself. On the bed lay Mrs. Feagan with her head split open. On the floor lay Mr. Feagan with his skull crushed in and a deep gash in his breast, which had been done with an axe. The house had been ransacked. Two tramps, thought to be Hungarians, were seen late Sunday evening traveling the road near the Feagan home. It is supposed they are the perpetrators of the crime. Parties are now in pursuit of them, and if captured, it will go hard with them.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN. At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen of Alexandria, Va., held December 10, 1895, there were present: Wm. H. Marbury, esq., President, and Messrs. Haver, Burke, Hallenger and Davis. Mr. Burke offered the following resolution which was adopted by a unanimous vote: Resolved, That when Council adjourns to-night it be to meet again the second Tuesday in January, 1896.

The following was received from the Common Council and their action concurred in: An ordinance providing for the inspection of buildings and regulating the construction and repairing of buildings within the city limits. The board then adjourned.

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held December 10th, 1895, there were present: Hubert Snowden, esq., President, and Messrs. Burke, Thompson, Connor, Strider, Latham, Kaus, Beach, Greene and White.

An ordinance to amend and reorganize sections 8 and 17, of chapter 5, of the laws of the city of Alexandria, of 1874, as amended by an ordinance approved February 12, 1891, was received from the Board of Aldermen with the action of this board on November 26, nonconcurrent in the action of this board in passing the ordinance was rescinded from and action of the Board of Aldermen in referring it to the Committee on Streets was concurred in.

An ordinance providing for the inspection of buildings and regulating the construction and repairing of buildings within the city limits was called up and referred to the Committee on Public Property and Streets.

The vote upon the conference committee's report recommending the adoption of the Police Commissioners' recommendation was reconsidered and the report laid over until the next regular meeting of Council.

THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

A very spirited discussion took place in the Senate yesterday over a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to investigate Mr. William Wilson, the janitor, who was convicted of election frauds at Smith's precinct, in Henrico county. Senator McCane, of Shenandoah, member of the opposition, opposed the resolution which was offered by Mr. Flanagan, republican, and in doing so gave Mr. Flanagan some very sharp thrusts. The resolution was overwhelmingly defeated.

Mr. Little presented a petition from ex-Senator F. M. Parish, contesting the election of Senator Flanagan, which was referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

Mr. Barnes presented a resolution which was adopted, congratulating the State that the Newport News Company, a Virginia concern, submitted the lowest bid, according to the government plans for two battle-ships.

A communication was received from the Governor stating that since the adjournment of the last General Assembly vacancies have occurred in several judgeships in the State by death and resignations.

Among the bills introduced were: Giving the defendant in any case of misdemeanor the right to waive trial by jury; to amend the code in regard to "entering dwelling house, vessel or car in the night, with intent to commit murder, rape or robbery;" etc.; to amend the code relating to the formation of special juries; to repeal sections in relation to delinquent land purchased in the name of the auditor; to prescribe the mode by which unpaid subscriptions to the stock of chartered companies may be recovered. To amend the code in reference to what property may be distrained for taxes.

HOUSE.

The session of the House was exceedingly short, and beyond the introduction of a few bills and the submission of a petition by Mr. H. C. Hudson, of Halifax, contesting the seat of Mr. S. B. Keesee, nothing was done.

Among the bills introduced were: To amend the code in relation to the lien of employees, etc., of transportation, mining and manufacturing companies, and how same may be perfected and enforced. The bill provides that employees or persons or firms doing work or furnishing supplies to any firm or person engaged in the operation of any railroad, canal, transportation, mining or manufacturing business shall have a priority on the franchises, gross earnings, and all the real and personal property of such company. To amend the code in relation to juries in civil cases. The bill provides that in every case where a jury of twelve is sworn, any nine of them concurring shall render a verdict in like manner and with like effect as if the twelve had been unanimous in their verdict.

To amend the code so as to provide for a plat and report of the survey of the roads and the record thereof by the clerk of the County Court.

To amend the code in relation to the collection of fees of the Commissioner of Revenue.

The bill to permit S. Grenell to erect a breakwater alongside the wharf at North End, on Rappahannock river, was placed on the calendar.

The committee on privileges and elections yesterday unanimously decided in favor of White, democrat, who contested the seat of Wood, republican, from Pittsylvania county.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.

SENATE.

Among the numerous bills introduced in the Senate to-day was one by Mr. Mitchell appropriating \$2,000 for the purchase from Signor G. Trentanova of a statue of Victor Hugo for the new library building.

A resolution calling on the Secretary of War for copies of all records in his office relating to railroads in Tennessee seized by the military authorities during the civil war, was offered by Mr. Harris and agreed to.

Mr. Cockrell presented the memorial of the Kansas City, Mo., board of trade asking Congress to grant belligerent rights to Cuba and it was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Dubois proposing an amendment to the rules so as to distribute general appropriation bills among the committee having charge of the subject was taken up and Mr. Dubois made an argument in its favor.

Mr. Sherman said that he agreed with some of Mr. Dubois's remarks, but not with all of them. There were certain appropriations which, he thought, ought to be sent to the committee having charge of the subject matter, as for instance, the appropriation bill for the District of Columbia should be sent to committee for the District of Columbia.

A bill appropriating \$50,000 for a monument in the city of Washington to the memory of John Paul Jones was introduced by Mr. Lodge.

The resolution declaring it to be the sense of the Senate that the government of the United States should promptly recognize the revolutionists of Cuba, was then taken up and was supported by Mr. Allen, who declared that the populist party was as thoroughly committed to the Monroe doctrine as either the democratic party or the republican party. It had become a popular thing, Mr. Allen said, for an American citizen to become an English lord or a lord in some other country; and he instanced the recent case of Austria conferring the title of baron on Mr. Havemeyer, of New York, although Mr. Allen made the mistake of supposing Mr. Havemeyer to be an American consul general at New York. He also referred to "American women willing to waste themselves on titled mendicants from the east" (Laughter).

No action was taken on the resolution which came on the calendar.

Mr. Hill offered his resolution of last session for the amendment of the rules, by providing for cloture and the counting of quorums, and it was laid on the table for the present.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

DUBLIN, Dec. 11.—Water burst into a colliery at Cong, county Mayo, to-day, flooded the shaft to a depth of 150 feet, and drowned six men.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—United States Ambassador Bayard steadfastly declines to be interviewed by anybody on the subject of the resolution of impeachment introduced by Congressman Barrett in the House of Representatives yesterday. He has without exception informed all callers that he had nothing to say.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The correspondent of the United Press in Constantinople telegraphs that the Porte has granted executing to Major Williams and Major Bulman, the newly appointed British vice consuls at Van and Sivaz, and also to a British vice consul at Harput. The vice consuls will start for their posts immediately.

In the appeal made to the Sultan by M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador, in the name of the Czar, he strongly advised the Sultan to concede the demands for extra guardships in order to avoid magnifying the matter, as he assured his majesty, the demand would be persisted in by the powers.

It is learned that Said Pasha, in reply to the Sultan's demand that he leave the British embassy and return to his home, informed his majesty that he was willing to live in any place outside of Turkey that the Sultan might appoint, and would also pledge himself to keep entirely aloof from politics.

To this the Sultan replied that he was willing the Sultan should put himself outside of his, the Sultan's power, as he was the custodian of many secrets. The result was that Said received the assent of the Sultan to his living anywhere within the empire.

Upon leaving the British embassy Said left a letter addressed to Sir Phillip Currie, the British ambassador, thanking him for his protection and hospitality. Sir Phillip wrote a letter to the Sultan expressing hope that Said Pasha would not be harmed.

Expiated His Crime.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 11.—Harry Hayward, convicted of the murder of Catharine Geng, was hanged in the jail yard here at 2:08 this morning. The death march began at 1:55. "Three cheers for Harry Hayward" yelled Hayward and some one responded with three faint cheers. With his head erect and with a firm step he walked up the stairway and stood upon the drop. In response to an inquiry if he had any statement to make Hayward, with an air of bravado, began: "The people think that I am a kind of a devil and if they knew my past life they would be well aware of that fact." After some rambling, unconnected remarks he added: "I promised my attorney that I would say this short prayer on the scaffold: 'Oh, Lord, for Christ's sake, forgive me my sins.' Megard, go ahead." With these words he indicated that he was ready to die. Deputy Megard then wound the strap around his ankles, another above his knees and a third around his arms. "Ouch, that hurts," said Hayward as the strap was drawn taut around his arms.

As Deputy Megard was putting the noose around his neck, Hayward said: "Say, doesn't the knot want to go under the right ear?" But Deputy Megard paid no attention. "Pull it tight; I die; good-bye Dr. Burton," cried the condemned man. The cap was pulled over his eyes, Sheriff Holmberg pushed the lever, the trap fell and Harry Hayward dropped a good six feet straight down, bringing up with a jerk that shook the entire building. Death was instantaneous. The crime for which Hayward was hanged was the murder of Miss Catharine Geng, whose body was found on the night of December 3, 1894, in a swamp a few miles from the city. It developed that Miss Geng had her life insured for \$10,000 in favor of Hayward; that he had driven out to her house and was met by a confederate named Blixt, to whom he resigned his seat in the carriage. Blixt then drove to the park where he shot the girl, Hayward having returned into town on foot, going to several places where he was known, for the purpose of establishing an alibi.

Dastardly Attack on a Train.

EMINENCE, Ky., Dec. 11.—As a train filled with Louisville republicans returning from the inauguration of Governor Bradley, at Frankfort, was nearing this place last night, thirty shots were fired into the first car, all the windows of which were shot out and the bullets tore off splinters of woodwork. There were several ladies in the coach, and the excitement was intense. At the first volley everybody lay flat on the floor. Three men were seen along the track, and as the train started up again about ten more shots were fired through the windows. Fortunately only one person was hurt. One man's neck was cut by the heavy pieces of glass that flew in all directions through the car. It was here that Governor Bradley broke off the joint debate with General Hardin because of the disorder of the democrats present. The attack on the train is believed by some persons to have been the outcome of this.

A Big Plant.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 11.—The Carnegie Steel Company, limited, has purchased a mile of frontage or about 74 acres of land on the Monongahela river between Homestead and Duquesne, Pa. The money paid was about \$225,000. The purchase is in furtherance of the project of the Carnegie Company toward the concentration of all its iron-works in one place, and the company is now concentrating at this location. It would create an industrial hive, capitalized at \$30,000,000, employing 13,000 men.

Married Seven Times.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—William Cadman, aged fifty-four years, was sentenced in the Old Bailey court to-day to seven years' imprisonment under conviction upon a charge of polygamy. Since 1870 Cadman had married seven women, by whom he has had twenty-three children. Some of his victims were rich when he married them, but they did not long remain so. When he was arrested he had in his possession a large quantity of forged railway tickets.

Declared Unconstitutional.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 11.—The Attorney General of Minnesota has decided that reading the Lord's Prayer in the public schools is in violation of the State constitution, which provides that no person shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship. As the constitution requires the people of the State to support its schools a religious service at the opening of school is unconstitutional and cannot be maintained where there is an objection.

New Trial Granted.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 11.—The State Supreme court has granted a new trial in the case of Dr. D. J. Seaman, who was convicted at Detroit of manslaughter in having caused the death, by a criminal operation, of Emily Hall, an English girl, who had been married by Rev. Jonathan Bell, and sent to the country for the purpose of having the operation performed.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The Hamburg-American Steamship Company has decided to establish a regular line of steamers between New York and Brazilian ports, beginning January 1.

A trust company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, is being formed by Chicago and Omaha parties, the purpose of which is to loan money to cattle growers to tide them through a hard season.

Last night while crossing the street at Sandusky, Ohio, the five-year-old daughter of E. M. Hughes, country clerk, was run down by an electric car. Her head was severed from the body and her limbs crushed to a pulp.

U. S. Brook, a well-known speculator on the Omaha, Neb., board of trade, committed suicide by turning the gas on in his room in a local hotel yesterday. He is said to have lost heavily lately.

A fancy goods store in Lansingburg, N. Y., was burned this morning. Mrs. H. N. Starr, the invalid proprietor who lived alone, and her nurse, Mary Harris, were burned to death. It is thought a lamp set fire to the bed clothing.

Representatives of the Clyde Steamship Company in Baltimore deny the report that the company contemplates backing up the Southern Railway in operating a line of steamers between Baltimore and Norfolk, or that it contemplated discontinuing the operations of its ships between Philadelphia and Richmond. The company's representatives state it has no interest whatever in either the Southern Railway or its competitor, the Seaboard Air Line, but is a friendly connection of both.

The Old divorce suit was dismissed to-day at Providence, R. I., by consent of all concerned. A letter was read from Col. Colt saying his suit against Mr. Van Allen did not redound upon Mrs. Colt's conduct in any way.

A Loud Ring at Your Door Bell in the dead hours of the night is alarming. So is the first hollow sound of a cough from one's husband, wife, son or daughter. It is a disease knocking, with perhaps certain silent visitor waiting not far away. Arrest that cough. Stop it. Stop it at the start. A few days use of ELY'S PINEOL BALSAM and the danger is past. Relief is immediate, a cure certain. This remedy is rich in the essential principles of the balsams and contains certain ingredients that are new.

Ayer's Pills, being composed of the essential virtues of the best vegetable aperients, without any of the woody or fibrous material whatever, is the reason why they are so much more effective and valuable than any other cathartics. The best family physic.